

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

Contents:

1. **General**
2. **Regional Regression Equation Sheet**
3. **Gage Weighting Sheet**
4. **Gage Weighting Methodologies**
5. **Regional Regression Estimates - Multi-Region Weighting**

1. **General**

The spreadsheet calculates Annual Exceedence-Probability Discharges (AEPD) for ungaged sites in Iowa using Regional Regression Equations (RRE) from the last three USGS AEPD/RRE publications as follows:

- "Methods for Estimating Annual Exceedence-Probability Discharges for Streams in Iowa, based on Data through Water Year 2010", USGS Scientific Investigations Report 2013-5086 (13-5086).
- "Techniques For Estimating Flood-Frequency Discharges For Streams In Iowa", USGS Water Resources Investigations Report 00-4233 (00-4233).
- "Method For Estimating The Magnitude And Frequency Of Floods At Ungaged Sites On Unregulated Rural Streams In Iowa", USGS Water Resources Investigation Report 87-4132 (87-4132).

The spreadsheet also can calculate AEPD's for ungaged sites on gaged streams per the procedures outlined in the 13-5086 report.

The spreadsheet consists of three worksheets as follows:

- RRE: RRE calculations for ungaged sites.
- Gage: Weighted estimates for ungaged sites on gaged streams.
- References: References used, notes and version history (information only).

General characteristics of the spreadsheet are as follows:

- All data input cells have a yellow fill.
- When data has changed that requires recalculation of results, a red box noting "RECALC REQUIRED" will appear next to the "Calculate" button.
- Error conditions for input data will result in a red highlighted cell depending on the context of the error. Some error conditions will not be flagged until the "Calculation" button is pressed.
- Where possible drop down (DD) select boxes are provided for cell data entry to limit input to appropriate values and minimize typing required. The DD arrow will appear on entering the cell.

For the gage weighted estimates the spreadsheet makes use of a support worksheets that generally eliminates the need to enter gage data. These sheets consist of two worksheets that represent Tables 1 and 4 as referenced in the 13-5086 report.

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

2. Regional Regression Equation Sheet

The RRE worksheet is shown on the next page. Note that only the outlined area of the sheet is printed. The sheet is formatted to print on a letter (8.5" x 11") sheet in portrait orientation.

REGIONAL EQUATION ANNUAL EXCEEDENCE-PROBABILITY DISCHARGE

LOCATION

County: Hardin Route: CR 556 Project/Des. No.: BRF-001(1)-01-01
 Stream: Beaver Creek near Ackley By: W.Kaufman Date: 9/10/13

BASIN PARAMETERS

Drainage Area: 55.6 sq.mi. (DRNAREA) Constant Chan Maint: 0.78 sq.mi./mi. (CCM)
 Des Moines Lobe: 87.2 % (DESMOIN) Avg Sat Hyd Conduct: 11.20 um/s (KSATSSUR)
 Basin Shape Factor: 3.02 Ratio (BSHAPE) Chan Slope(MCS): 7.90 ft./mi (CSL10_85)
 24 Hr 10 Yr Precip: 4.37 in (I24H10Y)

Drainage Area Data

Region	1	2	3	4	5	Total
13-5086	45.4	10.2				55.6
00-4233	1.1	54.5				55.6
87-4132			18.4	37.2		55.6

RRE Calculation Group Data

Calculation Group	A	B	C	QDes
USGS Report:	13-5086	00-4233	87-4132	
Region:	1	2	3	4
Region DA (sq. mi.)	45.4	10.2	54.5	18.4
Region DA Fraction	0.82	0.18	0.98	0.33
Group Weight (Frac)	0.82	0.18	1.00	0.67

Regional Equation Basin Parameters Req'd

	87-4132	00-4233	13-5086
DRNAREA	All	All	All
DESMOIN	-	2	2
BSHAPE	-	-	2,3
I24H10Y	-	-	1
CCM	-	-	1(A)
KSATSSU	-	-	3
CSL10_85	-	2,3	-

(A) CCM=0 Invokes One Variable Equation (DRNAREA Only)

AEPD Results (cfs)

	A	B	C	QDes
2 yr. (50%)	852	1,273	928	951
5 yr. (20%)	1,782	2,832	1,971	2,136
10 yr. (10%)	2,563	3,409	2,716	3,112
25 yr. (4%)	3,654	5,060	3,907	4,368
50 yr. (2%)	4,504	6,153	4,801	5,352
100 yr. (1%)	5,436	7,212	5,756	6,348
200 yr. (0.5%)	6,459	8,266	6,964	7,426
500 yr. (0.2%)	7,651	10,074	8,087	8,886

Comments:

QDes ~ Design values, Rept. 13-5086 Multi-Region Area Weighted
 Bridge Site: 13-5086 Reg. 2; 00-4233 Reg. 2; 87-4132 Reg. 3

2.1 RRE Data Input

Data input generally required is as follows. Note that sequence of input is not set since calculations are not invoked until the "Calculate" button is pressed.

- A) Enter general project information and comments in the project information section. Note that this data is carried over to the Gage worksheet.
- B) Enter drainage area (DA) data. Note that the total DA is carried over to the Basin Parameters section. The DA hydrologic region breakdown for all RRE reports that will be used in calculations must be entered. If only one report will be used (say 13-5086) and only one

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

hydrologic region is applicable, only a single DA need be entered in the appropriate cell of the matrix.

- C) Enter basin data / parameters as determined from StreamStats or other sources as appropriate. A matrix of required parameters for report/region combinations is shown.
- D) Set up the RRE calculation groups as required. Eight (8) columns are available for use, therefore a maximum of eight separate calculations are available. A calculation group code (A-F), report, hydrologic region, and group weight are required.

For watersheds that span more than one hydrologic region separate calculation columns are set up for each region. All columns for a given report are assigned to a common group and a summary column made (group code Sum A-F) for the group to obtain the weighted average. The 'Region DA Fraction' field shows the calculated area weight for each column that can then be entered as the group weight for an area weighted estimate. Refer to Sect. 5 for additional information regarding multi-region RRE estimates.

To clear a calculation column, clear the group code field. A group code of 'QDes' will allow for direct input of AEPD values.

For the example shown on the previous page a calculation group for the three separate reports is set up. Calculations for reports 13-5086 and 87-4132 are multi-region so a summary column is assigned for each group. For report 00-4233 only region 2 is calculated since the majority of the basin is in this region and a group weight of 1.0 assigned. A QDes column is set up for documentation of selected design values.

2.2 RRE Data Output / Messages

Upon pressing the "Calculate" button AEPD results will be displayed. The AEPD results for a column reflect the calculation for the region using the full basin DA. The weighted estimate is shown in the summary column.

Any error messages or calculation notes will be shown in the notes section per below. If basin parameters exceed those used for development of the RRE it will be noted in this section.

500 yr. (0.2%)	2,151	3,371	2,370					8,090
Note	(1)	(2)		(E1)				
Comments:								
QDes ~ Design values, Rept. 13-5086 Multi-Region Area Weighted								

Notes:								
(E1) Group Weight <> 1.0								
(1) CCM > 2.22 sq mi/mi study max; (2) BSHAPE > 13.94 study max								

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

3. Gage Weighting Sheet

The Gage Weighting worksheet is shown below. The sheet is formatted to print on a letter (8.5" x 11") sheet in portrait orientation.

GAGE WEIGHTED ANNUAL EXCEEDENCE-PROBABILITY DISCHARGE											
LOCATION		County: Hardin		Route: CR 856		Project/Des. No.: BRF-001(1)--01-01					
Stream: Beaver Creek near Ackley		By: W.Kaufman		Date: 9/10/2013							
UNGAGED SITE DATA											
Drainage Area: 55.6 sq.mi. (DRNAREA)		Report 13-5086 Region: 1 - 82%; 2 - 18 %									
AEPD DATA SOURCES (cfs)											
		2 yr. (50%)	5 yr. (20%)	10 yr. (10%)	25 yr. (4%)	50 yr. (2%)	100 yr. (1%)	200 yr. (0.5%)	500 yr. (0.2%)		
GageA: 05462750 Beaver Creek Tributary near Aplington, Iowa		13-5086 Table 4 Data Period Record 1966-91 (22 yr.), Historic Record 1966-91 (26 yr.)									
Gage Region: 2											
Gage DA (mi ²): 11.6 EMA/MGB		788	2,330	3,720	5,710	7,270	8,830	10,400	12,300		
DA _u /DA _g : 4.79 RRE		660	1,430	2,170	3,320	4,098	4,860	6,320	6,950		
Gage Area Wt.: 0.87 WIE		747	1,800	2,610	3,790	4,620	5,460	6,940	7,710		
GageB: 05463000 Beaver Creek at New Hartford, Iowa		13-5086 Table 4 Data Period Record 1946-2010 (65 yr.), Historic Record 1946-2010 (65 yr.)									
Gage Region: 2											
Gage DA (mi ²): 347.0 EMA/MGB		3,920	8,000	11,400	16,300	20,400	24,800	29,600	36,400		
DA _u /DA _g : 0.16 RRE		4,340	8,980	12,100	17,200	20,500	23,500	29,700	31,700		
Gage Area Wt.: 0.13 WIE		3,940	8,170	11,600	16,700	20,400	24,100	29,600	33,600		
Ungaged Site RRE: QDes		930	1,970	2,720	3,910	4,800	5,760	6,960	8,090		
AEPD (cfs)											
GAGE WEIGHTED ESTIMATES											
Group		Type	Gage	(50%)	(20%)	(10%)	(4%)	(2%)	(1%)	(0.5%)	(0.2%)
A	Area Wt	A	05462750	1,851	4,098	5,788	7,991	9,545	11,105	13,939	15,269
Method/Grp. Wt.		WIE	0.87	Au/Ag > 1.5, Area-Weighted estimate may not be applicable							
A	Area Wt	B	05463000	3,124	4,652	6,985	8,738	10,105	11,105	13,939	15,269
Method/Grp. Wt.		WIE	0.13	Area-Weighted estimate may not be applicable							
Sum A		Grp. Wt.	1.00	1,788	3,972	5,568	7,860	9,440	11,028	13,831	15,250
B	Reg Wt	A	05462750	930	1,970	2,720	3,910	4,800	5,760	6,960	8,090
Method/Grp. Wt.		WIE	0.87	Au/Ag > 1.5, Regression-Weighted estimate not applicable, ungaged RRE results shown.							
B	Reg Wt	B	05463000	930	1,970	2,720	3,910	4,800	5,760	6,960	8,090
Method/Grp. Wt.		WIE	0.13	Au/Ag < 0.5, Regression-Weighted estimate not applicable, ungaged RRE results shown.							
Sum B		Grp. Wt.	1.00	930	1,970	2,720	3,910	4,800	5,760	6,960	8,090
C	Reg (Alt)	A	05462750	930	1,970	2,720	3,910	4,800	5,760	6,960	8,090
Method/Grp. Wt.		WIE	1.00	Au/Ag > 1.5, Alt Regression-Weighted est. not applicable, ungaged RRE results shown.							
Comments:											

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

3.1 Gage Weighting Input

Data input generally required is as follows. Sequence of input is not set since calculations are not invoked until the "Calculate" button is pressed. However, stream gages to be used should be entered before setting up weighted estimates so the gage names are available.

- A) Project information and ungaged site drainage area is carried over from the RRE worksheet. For an Area-Weighted calculation (RRE estimate not required) enter site data and ungaged site drainage areas on the RRE worksheet.
- B) For a Regression-Weighted estimate, enter the RRE group code for the column (calculation) to be used from the RRE sheet. The data from the RRE sheet is copied into the gage sheet. To clear the RRE data, clear the RRE group code field.
- C) Enter the gage data. Data for two separate gages can be entered. Generally gage data will be copied directly from Tables 1 and 4 of Rept. 13-5086. These tables are included as worksheets in the AEPS spreadsheet. An option is provided for editing of loaded gage data.

Gage data entry is as follows:

- 1) Enter the gage number, gage data will be loaded (or message noting gage not found displayed). To clear the gage data, clear the gage no. field.
- 2) Edit gage data by unlocking data cells. To unlock a cell select the cell, then press the "Lock/Unlock Gage" button (selection of a flow data cell will unlock the entire flow data row). The cell fill will change to yellow. Cells that can be unlocked are shown below. After edit, cells can be locked by selecting the cell, then pressing the "Lock/Unlock Gage" button. Edited data displays as bold/italic as shown below.

GageB:	05463000	<i>Beaver Creek at New Hartford, Iowa</i>									
13-5086 Table 4	Modified	<i>Period Record 1946-2010 (65 yr.), Historic Record 1946-2010 (65 yr.)</i>									
Gage Region:	3	Cells/Rows That Can Be Edited									
Gage DA (mi ²):	348.0	EMA/MGB	3,920	8,000	11,400	16,300	20,400	24,800	29,600	36,400	
DA _u /DA _g :	0.16	RRE	4,340	8,980	12,100	17,200	20,500	23,500	29,700	31,700	
Gage Area Wt.:	0.13	WIE	3,940	8,170	11,600	16,700	20,400	24,100	29,600	33,600	

- D) Set up the Gage Weighted Estimate calculation groups as required. Seven (7) separate calculations, arranged in row sets, are available for use. A calculation group code (A-F), weighting type, gage, gage AEPS method, and group weight are required.

For ungaged sites with two gages within drainage area ratio limitations a common group can be set up for both gages with a summary calculation made (group code Sum A-F) for the group to obtain a weighted average. The 'Gage Area Wt.' field for each gage indicates the weight of the gage relative to the ungaged site (DA proximity of gage to ungaged site). This value can generally be entered as the group weight for a gage in a weighted estimate using two gages.

To clear a calculation set, clear the group code field. A group code of 'QDes' will allow for direct input of AEPS values.

Gage weighted estimate set up considerations are as follows:

- 1) The three types of weighting methodologies are as follows. Refer to Sect. 4.0 for commentary regarding selection of a weighting type.

Area Wt - Area-Weighted estimate per Rept. 13-5086, Eq. 12.

Reg Wt - Regression-Weighted estimate per Rept. 13-5086, Eq. 11.

Reg (Alt) - Alternate Regression-Weighted estimate per USGS Bk. 4, Ch. 6, Pg. 9.

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

2) The gage AEPD method selected should generally be WIE which uses the gage WIE AEPD row. When use of the gage EMA/MGB AEPD results are indicated, EMA can be selected to use the EMA/MGB row.

3) The gage weighting methodologies, per USGS recommendations, are applicable for drainage area ratios of $0.5 \leq A_u/A_g \leq 1.5$ (A_u - ungaged site DA, A_g - gage DA). The ratio for each gage is shown with the gage data. For the regression-weighted methodologies, if the DA ratios are exceeded, the ungaged site RRE AEPD estimate is displayed.

For the example shown on the previous page three separate calculation groups have been set up for each of the weighting types.

3.2 Gage Weighting Output

Upon pressing the "Calculate" button AEPD results will be displayed. The AEPD results for a calculation set reflect the weighted estimate for the gage selected. The weighted estimate for ungaged sites utilizing two gages is shown in the summary groups.

4. Gage Weighting Methodologies

Governing equations are as follows:

Area Wt - Area-Weighted estimate per Rept. 13-5086, Eq. 12.

$$Q_{uaw} = \left(\frac{A_u}{A_g}\right)^b Q_{gw} \quad (1)$$

Reg Wt - Regression-Weighted estimate per Rept. 13-5086, Eq. 11.

$$Q_{urw} = \left(\frac{2\Delta A}{A_g}\right) Q_{ur} + \left(1 - \frac{2\Delta A}{A_g}\right) \left(\frac{Q_{ur}}{Q_{gr}}\right) Q_{gw} \quad (2)$$

Reg (Alt) - Alternate Regression-Weighted estimate per USGS Bk. 4, Ch. 6, Pg. 9 (Ref. 1).

$$Q_{urw} = \left(\frac{2\Delta A}{A_g}\right) Q_{ur} + \left(1 - \frac{2\Delta A}{A_g}\right) \left(\frac{A_u}{A_g}\right)^b Q_{gw} \quad (3)$$

Drainage area ratio limits for above equations: $0.5 \leq A_u/A_g \leq 1.5$

A_u = Ungaged site drainage area.

A_g = Gaged site drainage area.

$\Delta A = |A_u - A_g|$

b = Regional exponent (Rept. 13-5086, Table 15).

Q_{ur} = Ungaged site RRE estimate.

Q_{gr} = Gaged site RRE estimate.

Q_{gw} = Gaged site WIE estimate (or EMA/MGB per commentary Sect. 3.1(D)(2) above) .

Q_{uaw} , Q_{urw} = Ungaged site weighted estimate.

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

Guidelines for selection of the gage weighting methodology to utilize are as follows.

- A) For ungaged sites where only one gaged site falls within drainage area ratio limits one of the regression-weighted methodologies (Eq. 2 or 3) should be used to ensure a smooth transition from gage-weighted AEPD's to RRE AEPD's for a stream basin.
- B) For ungaged sites where two gaged sites, one upstream and one downstream, fall within drainage area ratio limits, the area-weighted methodology (Eq. 1) should be used.
- C) For the Regression-Weighted methodology per Rept. 13-5086 (Eq. 2) the gaged site RRE estimate from Table 4 should be reviewed for consistency with the ungaged site RRE estimate. Issues that may result in inconsistencies are as follows:
 - The ungaged site RRE estimate is based on a multi-region area weighted estimate.
 - The basin parameters obtained from the current version of Streamstats varies from those used to determine the published gaged site RRE estimate.

Basin parameters used to develop the gaged site RRE estimate are shown in Table 3 of Rept. 13-5086. If the support spreadsheet containing this table (13-5086_table3.mmddyy.xlsx) is open when gage data is loaded, the row for the selected gage will be displayed.

In the event of an inconsistency, the gaged site RRE estimate should be recalculated using consistent basin parameters, and the revised RRE values entered for the gage data.

Alternately, Eq. 3 could be utilized (drainage area used in lieu of gaged site RRE estimate).

- D) For the Alternate Regression-Weighted methodology per USGS Bk. 4 (Eq. 3) the gaged site drainage area from Table 4 should be reviewed for consistency with the ungaged site. In the event of an inconsistency, the gaged site drainage area should be recalculated (generally using Streamstats) and the revised drainage area entered in the gage data.

5. Regional Regression Estimates - Multi-Region Weighting

RRE results for sites draining more than one region may be weighted relative to the contributory drainage area of each region per the procedure in Rept. 13-5086, Pg. 33. The procedure outlined in this report is to apply a weighting factor to the RRE estimate for each region based on the ratio of the region drainage area to the total drainage area, then to sum the weighted region RRE estimates for the AEPD estimate at the site. The ratio of the region drainage area relative to the total basin is displayed as the 'Region DA Fraction' for an RRE calculation group column.

Per USGS StreamStats notation, for Rept. 13-5086 RRE multi-region estimates utilizing peak flow Region 2, and where the DESMOIN (Des Moines Lobe) parameter is $\geq 10\%$, preference should be given to the single region RRE estimate for the region where the site is located.

For multi-region RRE estimates, laDOT recommendation/policy is to use an additional weighting factor in the RRE estimate for the region where the site is located (outfall region). laDOT recommendation is to use an outfall region weighting of 2.

The intent of the above is as follows:

- To provide a smooth transition in RRE estimates along a stream reach. For example, without this weighting an RRE estimate at site could vary significantly from that for a site a short distance away on the same stream if the two sites happen to fall in different peak flow regions.
- To more heavily weight the hydrologic characteristics of the drainage basin nearest the site.

This weighting will partially address the USGS note regarding multi-region estimates noted above while minimizing any discontinuity in AEPD estimates.

The drainage basin configuration relative to peak flow regions should be reviewed and the outfall region weighting adjusted as appropriate based on basin configuration as discussed below.

Use of an outfall region weighting factor of 2 is analogous to the limiting drainage area ratios ($0.5 \leq A_u/A_g \leq 1.5$) used for area weighting of gages. An outfall region weighting of 2 results in only the

AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

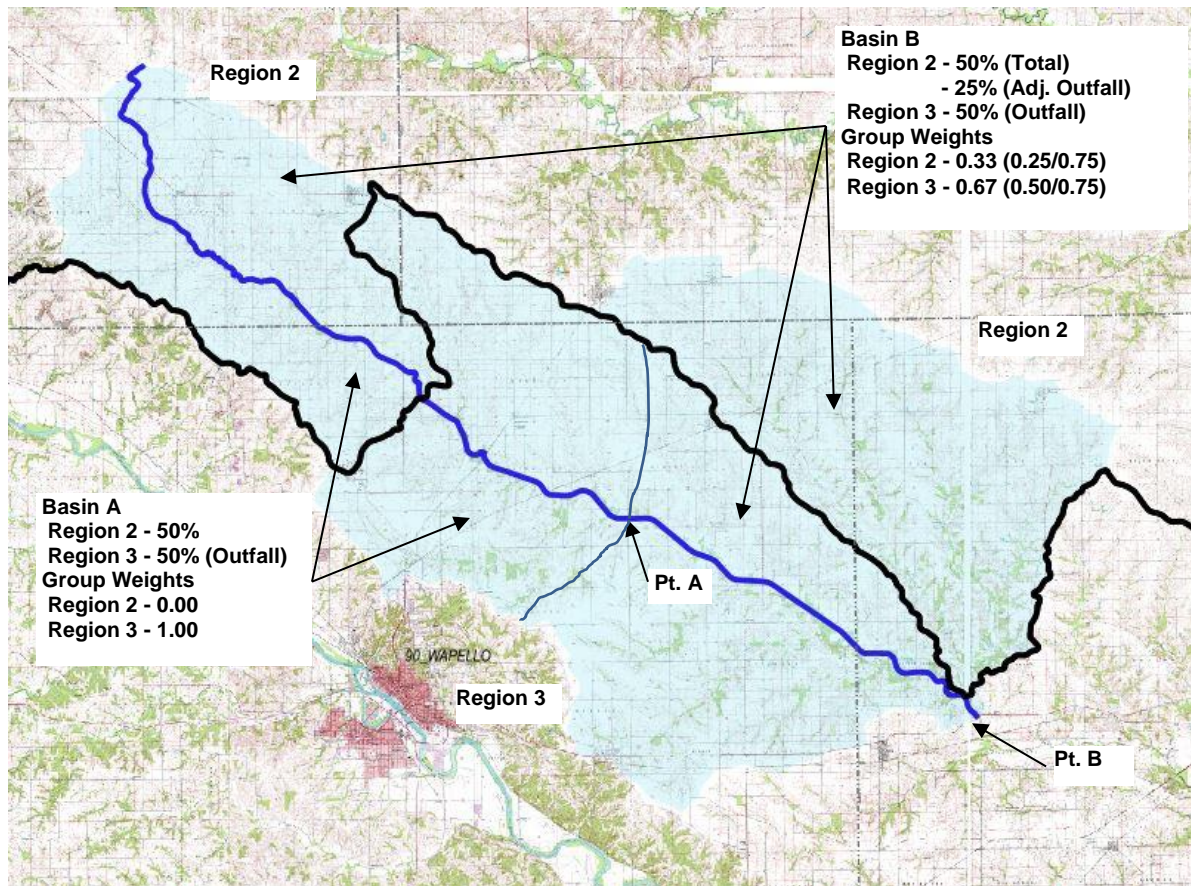
RRE estimate for the outfall region being considered when the outfall region exceeds 50% of the total drainage area ($0.50 \times 2 = 1.0$).

Example weighting factor (Group Weight) determinations are as follows.

- Two Regions, outfall region weighting of **2**.
Drainage Area Region 1=60 sq. mi., Region 2 (outfall)=40 sq. mi.
Group weight(s) used are:
Region 1=0.20 ($1.0 - 0.80$)
Region 2=0.80 (0.40×2)
- Three Regions, outfall region weighting of **1.5**.
Drainage Area Region 1=500 sq. mi., Region 2 =300 sq. mi., Region 3 (outfall) = 200 sq. mi.,
Group weight(s) used are:
Region 1=0.44 ($((1-0.3)/(1-0.2)) \times 0.50$)
Region 2=0.26 ($((1-0.3)/(1-0.2)) \times 0.30$)
Region 3=0.30 (0.20×1.5)

As noted above the drainage basin configuration relative to peak flow regions should be reviewed and the outfall region weighting adjusted from the typical value of 2 when appropriate.

The drainage area for Cedar Ck. at US 34 is shown below. The basin is shaded in blue, with the peak flow region boundary between region 2 and region 3 shown in black.



AEPD Spreadsheet - Usage Guide

At Pt. A, there is a 50/50 split in drainage area between Regions 2 and 3, with outfall being in Region 3. Since all of the Region 3 area is adjacent to the outfall, an outfall region weighting of 2 is reasonable.

At Pt. B, there is also a 50/50 split in drainage area between Regions 2 and 3. However, there is a portion of the Region 2 area near the outfall. The Region 2 area near the outfall is 65 sq. mi., the Region 3 area, also adjacent to the outfall, is 130 sq. mi.

Considering only the contributory drainage area of the regions adjacent to the outfall (195 sq. mi.) group weights used in this case are Region 2=0.33 (65/195), Region 3=0.67 (130/195). Note that the total drainage area of 260 sq. mi. is used in the RRE estimates, with an 'outfall' Region 3 weighting of 1.34 (0.67/0.50). Note that while this example calculates the group weights, in general estimates based on judgment would be acceptable.

Another example where outfall region weighing should be modified from the typical value is use with large basins. For the Iowa River at US 63 in Tama County, the basin is 1980 sq. mi. total, Region 1=1226 sq.mi., Region 2=754 sq. mi. outfall (0.62/0.38). Using the typical outfall region weighting of 2, modified group weightings of 0.24/0.76 would be used. However, considering the size of the Region 2 contributory area adjacent to the outfall, a strictly Region 2 RRE estimate is appropriate.

References:

- (1) USGS Bk. 4, Ch. 6 - "The National Streamflow Statistics Program: A Computer Program for Estimating Streamflow Statistics for Ungaged Sites", Chapter 6 of Book 4, Hydrologic Analysis and Interpretation, Section A, Statistical Analysis. USGS Techniques and Methods 4-A6.

Revisions:

9/17/13 – Initial Document

12/04/13 – Editorial changes to Sect. 4.

2/01/16 – Added Sect. 5 regarding RRE multi-region area weighted estimates. Updated Sect. 1 and 3.1 to note gage table 1 and 4 included in spreadsheet.